Rules for Articles - English Study Material & Notes

Articles are the words 'a' or 'an' and 'the', which come before nouns. There are two articles - 'a' (or 'an') and 'the'.

A or an is known as the Indefinite Article, because it usually leaves indefinite the person or thing spoken of. Such as;

A nurse- which means any nurse.

The is known as the definite article, because it normally points out some particular person or thing. Such as;

He saw *the* nurse - which means some particular nurse.

The definite article article is used before singular countable nouns, plural countable nouns and uncountable nouns. For instance;

The book; or **the** books; or **the** milk.

The choice between 'a' and 'an' is determined by sound. Before a word beginning with a vowel sound 'an' is used. Such as;

An ass; an enemy; an orange; an hour; an heir.

It should be noticed that the words hour, honest, heir, begin with a vowel sound, as the initial consonant 'h' isnot pronounced.

Before a word beginning with a consonant sound 'a' is used. For instance;

A boy; A union; A horse; A European; A university; A woman

In such words (university, union,etc.) the beginning is with a consonant sound, that of 'yu'. In similar way, we can say that;

 \boldsymbol{A} one-rupee note; Such \boldsymbol{a} one ; \boldsymbol{A} one-eyed woman.

This is because one begins with the consonant sound of 'w'.

P.S. - Some native speakers use 'an' before words beginning with 'h' if the first syllable is not stressed. For instance;

An hotel (more common usage is 'a hotel')

An historical book (more common usage 'a historical novel')

Definite Article:

The definite article 'the' is used for following uses -

1. When a particular person or thing, or one already referred to (that is, when it is clear from the context which one is meant). Such as;

The book you want is out of print. (It means which book? the one you want).

The boy cried. (the boy means 'the boy already talked about')

2. When a singular noun is meant to represent a whole class. Such as;

The dog is *a* useful animal.

3. 'The' is used before some proper names like the following kinds of place names;

Oceans and seas (*the* Pacific, *the* Atlantic), rivers (*the* Nile, *the* Amazon), canals (*the* Panama Canal), deserts (*the* Kalahari, *the* Sahara), groups of islands (*the* West indies), mountain ranges (*the* Himalayas, *the* Andes), names of nations like republics and kingdoms (*the* Ukraine, *the* United Kingdom, *the* Hague).

4. Before names of things unique of their kind. Such as;

The sun; the sky; the earth.

5. Before a proper noun when it is qualified by an adjective or a definite adjectival clause. Such as;

The great Ceaser; the immortal Shakespeare.

6. With Superlatives, 'the' is used. For instance;

The darkest cloud has a silver lining.

This is *the* best book of elementary physics.

7. 'The' is used with ordinals. Such as;

She was *the* first woman to arrive.

8. As an adverb with comparatives. Such as;

The more the merrier. (this means - by how much more, by so much the merrier)

9. 'The' is used before musical instruments. Such as;

He can play the guitar.

10. Before a noun to give the impact of a Superlative. For example;

The verb is **the** word in a sentence.

Indefinite Article

The indefinite article is used in following four cases -

1. In its original numerical sense of one. For instance;

Twelve inches make a foot.

Not a word was uttered.

2. In the vague sense of a certain. Such as;

One evening **a** beggar came to my door.

A Rajnikant is suspected by the detective. (means a certain person named Rajnikant)

3. In the sense of any, to single out an individual as the representative of a class. Such as;

 ${m A}$ pupil should obey his teacher.

A goat is a useful animal.

4. To make a common noun of a proper noun. Such as;

A Daniel come to judgement. (A Daniel means a very wise man)

The rules for Article usage are summarized in the table below:

a	an	the	no article
		definite article regardless	
		whether the noun starts	
indefinite article with	indefinite article with	with a consonant or a	
consonants (b,c,b,f,gz)	vowels (a,e,i,o,u)	vowel	-
<u>not</u> specifically known to	<u>not</u> specifically known to	specific object that both	
the person you are	the person you are	the speaker and the	
speaking with	speaking with	listener <u>know</u>	general things
singular nouns	singular nouns	plural nouns	uncountable nouns
		collection of states in a	
		country (The United	countries, states, counties,
		States of America, The UK,	provinces, lakes,
-	-	The Irish Republic)	mountains
		Multiple areas: The	
		Philippines, The	others: sports, meals,
		Netherlands, the British	places, transport, rivers,
-	-	Isles	oceans, seas
6		Geographical points in the	
		globe (the North Pole, the	
-	-	equator)	
		one and only particular	
		thing (the sun, the moon,	
		the wind, the Buckingham	
-	-	Palace)	

