



Governors of Indian States:

- **Appointed by President** for a term of **5 years under Article 155**.
- Governor is a nominee of Central Government.
- The governor is de jure head of the state government, all its executive actions are taken in the governor's name.
- Governors have similar powers and functions at the state level as those of the President of India at Union level.
- Governor acts as the nominal head whereas the real power lays with the CMs of the states and his/her councils of ministers.
- **He should be a citizen of India and at least 35 years of age.**
- He is not a member of the either house of the parliament or house of the state legislature.
- He does not hold any office of profit.
- **Article 153 of Constitution of India: there shall be a Governor for each state.**
- **7th Constitutional Amendment Act, 1956: one person can be appointed as Governor of 2 or more states.**

List of Governors of 28 States of India:

Sl. No.	State	Name of Governor
1	Andhra Pradesh	Biswabhusan Harichandan
2	Arunachal Pradesh	B. D. Mishra
3	Assam	Jagdish Mukhi
4	Bihar	Phagu Chauhan
5	Chhattisgarh	Anusuiya Uikey
6	Goa	P S Sreedharan Pillai (new)
7	Gujarat	Acharya Devrat
8	Haryana	Bandaru Dattatreya (new)
9	Himachal Pradesh	Rajendra Arlekar (new)
10	Jharkhand	Ramesh Bais (new)
11	Karnataka	Thawarchand Gehlot (new)
12	Kerala	Arif Mohammad Khan
13	Madhya Pradesh	Mangubhai C Patel (new)
14	Maharashtra	Bhagat Singh Koshyari
15	Manipur	Najma Heptulla
16	Meghalaya	Satya Pal Malik
17	Mizoram	Kambhampati Hari Babu (new)
18	Nagaland	R. N. Ravi
19	Odisha	Ganeshi Lal
20	Punjab	V. P. Singh Badnore
21	Rajasthan	Kalraj Mishra
22	Sikkim	Ganga Prasad

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23	Tamil Nadu	Banwarilal Purohit
24	Telangana	TamilisaiSoundarajan
25	Tripura	Satyadev Narayan Arya (new)
26	Uttar Pradesh	Anandiben Patel
27	Uttarakhand	Baby Rani Maurya
28	West Bengal	Jagdeep Dhankar

Lieutenant Governors and Administrators of Union Territories of India:

- **Lieutenant Governor** is the constitutional head of five of the eight Union Territories.
- **Appointed by the President of India for 5 years, and hold the office at the President’s pleasure.**
- Since UTs of Delhi and Jammu and Kashmir and Puducherry have self-government with an elected legislature and council of ministers, the role of Lt. Governor is mostly like a governor.
- In Andaman and Nicobar Islands and Ladakh the Lt. Governor holds more power, being both the head of state and head of government.
- **An Administrator** governs the three UTs- Chandigarh, Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu and Lakshadweep.
- An Administrator is usually drawn from the IAS or IPS.
- Since 1985 the governor of Punjab has also been the ex-officio Administrator of Chandigarh.

Sl. No.	Union Territories	Lieutenant Governor
1	Andaman and Nicobar Islands	Devendra Kumar Joshi
2	Delhi	Anil Baijal
3	Ladakh	R. K. Mathur
4	Jammu and Kashmir	Manoj Sinha
5	Puducherry	TamilisaiSoundarajan (additional charge)
	Union Territories	Administrators
6	Chandigarh	V. P. Singh Badnore
7	Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu	Praful Khoda Patel
8	Lakshadweep	Praful Khoda Patel (additional charge)

*The above data are update as on 10.07.2021